

Section 3.4 operations with functions

#1 - 18: Consider the functions defined by and find the requested function values.

$$k(x) = \frac{2}{x+3}$$

$$f(x) = 3x + 4$$

$$g(x) = x^2 + 5x + 6$$

$$h(x) = 4$$

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|--------------|--------------|
| 1) $f(3)$ | 2) $f(-2)$ |
| 3) $g(1)$ | 4) $g(0)$ |
| 5) $h(2)$ | 6) $h(3)$ |
| 7) $k(-5)$ | 8) $k(-6)$ |
| 9) $f(b)$ | 10) $f(c)$ |
| 11) $f(b+1)$ | 12) $f(b-2)$ |
| 13) $g(2a)$ | 14) $g(3a)$ |
| 15) $g(x-2)$ | 16) $g(x+1)$ |
| 17) $k(a)$ | 18) $k(a-2)$ |

#19 - 27: Let $f(x) = 2x + 3$ and $g(x) = 2x^2 + 5x + 3$. Find each function.

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|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 19) $(f + g)(x)$ | 20) $(g - f)(x)$ | 21) $(f/g)(x)$ |
| 22) $(g \cdot f)(x)$ | 23) $(g/f)(x)$ | 24) $(f \circ g)(x)$ |
| 25) $(g \circ f)(x)$ | 26) $(g+f)(x)$ | 27) $(f - g)(x)$ |

#28 - 36: Let $f(x) = 2x^2 - 5x - 3$ and $g(x) = x-3$. Find each function.

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|----------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 28) $(f + g)(x)$ | 29) $(g - f)(x)$ | 30) $(f/g)(x)$ |
| 31) $(g \cdot f)(x)$ | 32) $(g/f)(x)$ | 33) $(f \circ g)(x)$ |
| 34) $(g \circ f)(x)$ | 35) $(g+f)(x)$ | 36) $(f - g)(x)$ |

#37 - 48: Let $h(x) = x^2 + 2x + 1$ and $k(x) = 2x - 5$. Find each of the following.

$$37) (h+k)(3)$$

$$38) (hk)(-1)$$

$$39) (h/k)(5)$$

$$40) (k-h)(0)$$

$$41) (h-k)(7)$$

$$42) (kh)(4)$$

$$43) (h \circ k)(4)$$

$$44) (h \circ k)(0)$$

$$45) (k \circ h)(3)$$

$$46) (h \circ k)(-2)$$

$$47) (k \circ h)(1)$$

$$48) (k \circ h)(-6)$$

#49 – 57: Let $s(x) = x^2 + 5x - 3$ and $t(x) = 2x - 7$. Find each of the following.

$$49) (s/t)(3)$$

$$50) (s-t)(4)$$

$$51) (t+s)(6)$$

$$52) (s \circ t)(4)$$

$$53) (s \circ t)(0)$$

$$54) (s \circ t)(3)$$

$$55) (s \circ t)(-2)$$

$$56) (t \circ s)(1)$$

$$57) (t \circ s)(-6)$$

#58-67: Find the difference quotient; that is find $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$

$$58) f(x) = 2x + 6$$

$$59) f(x) = 3x - 7$$

$$60) f(x) = 5x + 4$$

$$61) f(x) = 9x - 5$$

$$62) f(x) = x^2 - 5$$

$$63) f(x) = x^2 + 1$$

$$64) f(x) = x^2 + 3x + 5$$

$$65) f(x) = x^2 + 5x - 3$$

$$66) f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 4$$

$$67) f(x) = x^2 - 5x + 8$$